# Treasures of Daikakuji

From Imperial Villa to Buddhist Temple

### January 21 – March 16, 2025 | Heiseikan, Tokyo National Museum TNM



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- The same artwork numbers are used in both the catalogue and the galleries, but the works are not displayed in numerical order.
- Key to symbols on illustrations:
  - ●=National Treasure, ©=Important Cultural Property.
- Some artworks may be rotated during the exhibition period. Exhibition lineup may change as circumstances require.
- · Artworks are on view throughout the exhibition period unless otherwise indicated.

The rotation schedule is as follows: Term 1/21 (Tue.) - 2/16 (Sun.) Term2 2/18 (Tue.) - 3/16 (Sun.)

A part of the proceeds from the exhibition will be used as part of the TSUMUGU Project to help conserve Japan's cultural properties.





#### Chapter 1 Emperor Saga and Kūkai From Saga-in to Daikakuji

#### **Emperor Saga**

Kamakura period, 14th century Imperial Household Agency Term(1)

#### **Emperor Saga**

Edo period, 18th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto (A) Term(2)

#### The Monk Kūkai (Kōbō Daishi)

Kamakura period, 14th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto (A)

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#### Six Sheets of Kūkai's Teachings Recorded by His Disciple Shinga

Attributed to Shinga

Six sheets

Kamakura to Nanbokuchō period, 14th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto

### Part of the Sovereign Kings Sutra, Vol. 6

Attributed to Kūkai Nara period, 8th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto

Documents Related to the Heart Sutra Sealed by Imperial Decree Account of the Dedication Ceremony Held in Shogen 1 (1259) for the Heart Sutra Sealed by Imperial Decree

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Muromachi period, 1461 Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto

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Documents Related to the Heart Sutra Sealed by Imperial Decree Record of Unsealing the Heart Sutra Sealed by Imperial Decree

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Edo period, 17th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto

### **○ The Five Great Wisdom Kings:** The Wisdom King Fudō (Acalanātha)

By Inshin

Muromachi period, 1501 Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto (A)

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The Five Great Wisdom Kings: The Wisdom King Gözanze (Trailokyavijaya)

Edo period, 17th-18th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto

○ The Five Great Wisdom Kings: The Wisdom King Gundari (Kundali)

By Inshin

Muromachi period, 1501 Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto

○ The Five Great Wisdom Kings: The Wisdom King Daiitoku (Yamāntaka)

By Inshin

Muromachi period, 1501 Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto

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#### The Five Great Wisdom Kings: The Wisdom King Kongōyasha (Vajrayakṣa)

Edo period, 17th–18th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto (A)

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#### Materials Related to the Monk Ichimu Shinkō (Deposited in a Statue of the Wisdom King Daiitoku)

Five of forty-one objects

- (1) Dharma Transmission Lineage for the Yūzūnenbutsu School: Muromachi period, 1481
- (2) Dharma Transmission Lineage for the Shingon School: Muromachi period, 1496
- (3) The Five Great Wisdom Kings: Muromachi period, 15th–16th century
- (4) The Deity Uhō Dōji: Muromachi period, 15th–16th century
- (5) The Bodhisattva Kokūzō (Ākāśagarbha): Muromachi period, 15th-16th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto

A Term 1: (2)(3)(4) / Term 2: (1)(5)

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# ○ The Five Great Wisdom Kings: The Wisdom King Fudō (Acalanātha)

By Myōen

Heian period, 12th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto

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#### ○ The Five Great Wisdom Kings: The Wisdom King Gōzanze (Trailokyavijaya)

By Myōen

Heian period, 12th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto (A)

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#### ○ The Five Great Wisdom Kings: The Wisdom King Gundari (Kuṇḍali)

By Myōen Heian period, 1177

Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto

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#### ○ The Five Great Wisdom Kings: The Wisdom King Daiitoku (Yamāntaka)

By Myōen

Heian period, 12th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto

#### ○ The Five Great Wisdom Kings: The Wisdom King Kongōyasha (Vajrayakṣa)

By Myōen

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Kamakura period, 14th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto B Term①

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Kamakura period, 14th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto ® Term①

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Vol. 51 "A Boat upon the Waters" by Prince Fushimi Sadaatsu

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Muromachi period, 1568 Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto © Term①

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Seventeen of twenty panels Azuchi-Momoyama to Edo period, 16th–17th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto © Term①:17 panels/Term②:13 panels

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Azuchi-Momoyama to Edo period, 16th–17th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto ©

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Four panels Azuchi-Momoyama to Edo period, 16th–17th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto © Term②

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© Hares East Corridor, Shōshinden By Watanabe Shikō

Twelve panels Edo period, 18th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto ©

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By Watanabe Shikō Two panels

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By Watanabe Shikō

Two panels Edo period, 18th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto

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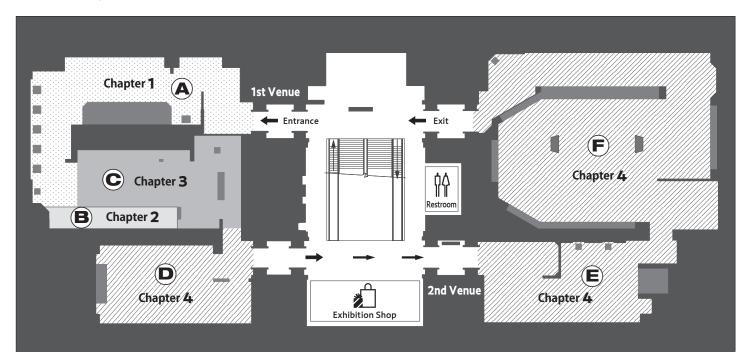
Six panels Azuchi-Momoyama to Edo period, 16th-17th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto

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Four panels Azuchi-Momoyama to Edo period, 16th–17th century Daikakuji Temple, Kyoto ©

### Floor Plan | Heiseikan 2F









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